NEW YORK, SUNDAY, APRIL 2, 1893.—COPYRIGHT, 1893, BY THE SUN PRINTING AND PUBLISHING ASSOCIATION.

LATEST NEWS FROM EUROPE. THE TORIES ENGINEER A WARLING PLAN OF CAMPAIGN.

Belfast Yeomanry Meet Three Times Week to Drill - A Resort to Arms the Only Legitimate Outcome of Tory Tac-Hes-The Liquor Men Preparing for a Big Struggle to Save Their Interests Government Business Badly Muddled in the Commons - Better Quarters Needed for the First Untied States Ambassador in London - Distributing the Queen's Bounty-Poor Victims of Superstition-Deaths by Starvation in London-Introducing the C. 0, D. System in the Parcels Post-The Cupard Company's New Levinthan,

LONDON, April I. - A gloriously beautiful Easter season throughout Europe has for the moment banished the public contentions which have brought the affairs of at least three great nations to an acute if not critical stage The brightest smiles of an American June are not more charming than the face of nature during the past few days on this side of the Atlantic. All Europe is holiday-making, and not for another two or three days will the game of politics, interrupted at a serious moment be renewed with added zest. Then in these islands at least we shall see some strange moves. The opposition to the Gladstone Government will open its militant campaign on Tuesday. Mr. Balfour goes to Belfast to further inflame the already angry people who object to self-government as an attack on their liberties. Lord Randolph Churchill, Mr. Goschen, Mr. Chamberlain, the Duke of Devonshire, and Sir Hicks-Beach are the leaders who will endeavor to incite the people of the kingdom to demonstrations against the exeeution of the declared popular will. That they will succeed in creating an insurrectionary spirit in certain quarters must be admitted. None of them will openly advocate recourse to guns and bayonets, but that is the sort of resistance and the only sort which will legitimately follow the style of campaign marked out by the Tories. The Irish Orangemen expect Mr. Balfour to counsel to remain law-abiding citizens, but when they hear his formal advice on that subject they will merely wink the other eye and go on drilling. The opinion is now broadcast that, whatever the Tory leaders may say publicly, they tacitly approve at heart the plan of violent resistance to the Home Rule enact

should be understood distinctly that the talk of violence is not bluff. Military preparations are being actively and systematically made, not only in Belfast, but elsewhere, Here is a bit of detailed description of what is going on by a special correspondent of the Telegraph, who has been investigating this week in Belfast and the neighborhood:

"Under strict pledges I was permitted to attend a drill of a certain urban loyal club. The instructor was an ex-army Sergeant. In a well-guarded building I found myself face to face with over 100 sturdy citizens, mostly of the working class. I looked on while the company, a fourth of whom had rifles, were put through squad and company drill for two hours. The sections were alternately put through the various evolutions usually imparted to recruits, the movements being smartly but quietly performed. The men showed that they had had some previous training. I thought they would compare faorably with many volunteer company drills I have seen in Great Britain.

"I had chats with many of the men during the intervals, and found they had joined to drill to be prepared for the worst, as they put it. They meant nothing short of fighting rather than accept the Home Rule bill. After a few admonitory words from the instructor and heir leader the men dispersed to their homes in groups. The drilling goes on three nights a week, a fresh section of the organization belag put through by other ex-army men. I was told that the organization consisted of 750 effectives, and it was intended to increase it to 1,000. Every man had weapons, but it was fewonly being used for drill purposes. Battalion drill is to be held shortly in the open, under conditions calculated to secure freedom rom observation, when 500 men will fall into line for practice in field evolutions."

If this sort of thing had been undertaken by the majority of Irishmen in support of their dearly beloved cause of home rule, what a tremendous outburst of Tory indignation there would have been against "the rebels." The attitude of the Tory party would be amusing if it were not so serious. The resort to Fenian methods, which the Conservatives have always condemned with such virtuous patriotism, is of course a confession of weakness; but the fact remains that Mr. Gladstone must cop with far greater opposition to the Home Rule bill outside of Parliament than is generally ex-

Although Mr. Gladstone has not yet formally asked his temperance followers to agree to the postponement of the liquor bill, they have been unofficially informed that there is not the slightest prospect of the measure being passed into law this session. It is doubtful if the Ministers ever meant to press forward with this bill, the provisions of which are rather too drastic even for some Liberals. If they did at first mean business the Tory fillbustering in Parliament and the agitation outside have

quickly induced them to change their minds. Liquor men have already spent an immense sum of money, variously estimated at from £30,000 to £70,000. in promoting meetings and petitions against the bill and in placarding the country with big posters denouncing its alleged iniquities. Naturally they are greatly elated at their success up to the present. but they are well aware that the battle has only just begun. Everything will depend upon the result of the next general election. which cannot well be deforred beyond next Year. Efforts are therefore being privately made to raise a gigantic fund to be used in securing the defeat of temperance candidates The saloon keepers will contribute according to the assessed annual value of their premises. Wholesale dealers will pay a proportion. let to be determined, of their annual profits and the great browers and distillers will subscribe on a scale adequate to the enormous interests they have at stake. No Liberal candidate piedged to support the Government bill will be allowed to be returned unopposed, and every effort will be made to divide the Liberal vote in constituencles where the two great political parties are pretty evenly matched, by running with liquortrade money ro-called independent or labor candidates, who, of course, will receive no Tory votes. Pinally, newspapers are to be established wherever it may be deemed neces sars, and the whole country is to be kept flooded with leastets and pamphlets all directed to show workingmen that temperance legistation must necessarily work to the disadvan-

tage solely of the poor.
Mr. Christons is at Brighton for the short Easter recess. His reflections cannot be of particularly pleasant character. Ories have undeniably had by far the better of the fight in Parliament, and their access cannot fail to encourage them to rehave tefforts in the work of obstructing publie business. Old Parliamentary resorters are unanimously of the opinion that Government business is in an unprecedented sauddle. The House has been sitting for two months, but not a sing e Government measure is in a forward state, and most of the 'Ainisterial bills have not even moved beyond the formal intro-

ductory stage. There has been marked im-provement lately in the method of Tory fill-bustering, which is now conducted so cautiously that the Speaker is unable to interfere even if he desired, which is more than doubtful. It may even now be confidently predicted that there will be an autumn session. The Parliamentary outlook, therefore, cannot be considered encouraging from a Liberal point

The appointment of Mr. Bayard to the new dignity of American Ambassador at the court of St. James's is received with general approva by the English press. The impression prevails here that few changes will be made in the attaches of the embasey. Minister Lincoln, who is taking a brief holiday in Paris, hopes to be relieved about May 1.

The natural consequence of raising the diplomatic rank of the American representative is the renewal of the argument that the embassy should be adequately housed. The presen quarters in Victoria street are small, dingy. almost shabby. Not one of even the little South American republics is so poorly pro-

One of the queer old customs of Easter time has come to have an unlooked-for sequel. One day before Good Friday there is distributed in Westminster Abbey one of Queen Anne's charities known as the Royal Maundy. This consists of purses of coin given to deserving persons of exactly the same age as her Majesty. This year the women in the group received the equivalent of \$23 and the men \$25 apiece. Such is the face value of the gifts, but the recipients each receive two antique white and red kid purses, and much of the money is in silver pennies, now an obsolete coin. No sooner are the purses distributed, with a great deal of religious and other ceremony, than the waiting crowd of curiosity seekers pounces on the for tunate receivers of the Queen's bounty. aged pensioners are quite prepared for the a very few minutes most of the treasure has been sold for about three times its legal tender value. Few of her Majesty's contemporaries there are who resent and resist all vulgar temptations and bear away the royal gift as a family heirloom.

Scarcely a day now passes without some new shocking story of superstition. The worst one recently has come from the suburbs of Florence, where lives a peasant whose daughter suffers from violent attacks of hysteria Saying masses proving of no avail, the priest told the father that the only cure was at the hands of some one having power to exorcise evil spirits, and sent him to a famous sorceress n a near-by village. The father and daughter paid the old woman what she demanded. Her house was dark, and the sorceress told her guests to follow her and kneel in avery room they entered. The hawling that went on in every room was dreadful. The peasant and his daughter were filled with confidence.

"You two," said the old woman, "have only to return home and set a light to your oven fire. The first person who knocks at your door is the cause of your daughter's sickness. threshold, seize and place that person, in the presence of your daughter, in the oven."

With this advice the pair went home, and the parent kindled the fire as directed. The fire was kept up the whole night, but no one knocked. At break of day a knock was heard. Who is there?" asked the peasant. "For heaven's sake give me a piece of

bread," said the voice without. The peasant opened the door and saw a poor old woman. He caught her up in his arms and placed her in the oven. The cries of the poor creature were dreadful. Fortunately some milkmen happened to be passing and burst open the door, when the woman more dead than alive was taken out of the huge oven. The actors in this drama are in the hands of justice.

A superstitious scare in a district of India where a railway is being built has had serious consequences. The rumor had gone abroad that 100 children were required for sacrifice in connection with building a bridge. The idea, which is an old one, prevails that children's heads are necessary for the foundation of bridges. The villagers have taken extraordinary precautions to prevent their children being kidnapped. In one recent case several Afghan traders were killed by a mob. who suspected them of being kidnappers.

Death by starvation in London is so frequent that few cases attract much attention. This week an old blind woman starved to death under circumstances which should bring on the world's metropolis an expression of the world's contempt. The victim's husband had been for weeks out of work, and the wife was the first to succumb to hunger. The Coroner at the inquest, naturally asked why the hus band had not applied for public relief. The husband replied that he had done so many times without success. It was proved that no outdoor relief was granted in that parish. The priest of the parish had also refused assistance, saying he was as poor as any of his

parishioners. Military authorities throughout Europe con tinue to discuss the alleged invention of bulet-proof cloth. It is announced to-day that the Austrian Minister of War has accepted cloth somewhat different from that of Herr Dowe. made by an officer named Sylander. This cloth is more flexible than Dowe's, being one-third of an inch thick and available for the entire raiment instead of a mere culrass. Germany is testing Dowe's invention, and the suddenly famous tailor, who was so poor he had to ber row a revolver to test his invention last full. has been summoned before the Emperor.

There is a good deal of unpleasantness over the refusal of the Pope to receive Archduke Renier if the latter visits the Quirinal on the occasion of King Humbert's silver wedding The attempt of the Vatican to dictate to the Catholic States what course to pursue in regard to Italian festivities is resented in Vienna. It is announced to-day that the Archduke will go the Quirinal, but will not attempt to visit the Vatican. The action of the Pope apparently amounts to an attempt to break the present relations of Italy and the allied powers. Such interference is so serious that t awakens a great deal of surprise in the European capitals. Emperor Joseph's whole household are most sincere Catholics, and the impression there prevails that the action of the Vatican does not accurately represent the will of Leo XIII. It is believed that the Pope is in a condition of physical prostration and i hardly possessed of the necessary energy to control the conduct of his principal agents. Cardinal Rampolla is looked upon as the chief instigator of the Vatican's policy, and is be lieved only to refer to the Pope such questions

as cannot be settled without his sanction. The losses by the Liberator and other Baifour company frauds are officially placed at more than \$35,000,000, and fresh evidence of pitiful hardships imposed on many victims is constantly coming to light. There seems to be no vigorous efforts made to catch the arch conspirator, Spencer Balfour, who is supposed to be hiding in South America with a comfortable sum of the stolen money in his pockets. The most salutary effect of the exposure will be that at least a temporary check is put upon the custom of members of the nobility and Parliament who lond their names to concerns about which they have no personal knowledge. Lord Oxenbridge, the Liberal leader, who

"Admiral."

Profit isn't everything. If it were, dealers would not be glad to sell the "Admiral Cigar-ette," as the profit on the "Admiral" in the very nature of things cannot equa! the profit

on a poor brand of eigarettes. "Admiral" is not made by the Trust -Ade.

posed as Honorary President of one of the rotten companies, thinks himself abused becaus he is now severely criticised for giving his name, even without profit to himself, to the conspirators. Parliament may in the course of time provide some safeguards against dishonesty in the management of public financial institutions. There are none now.

Arnold Morley will soon introduce the C. O. D. system in connection with the parcels post. Books and other small articles may then be sent to distant customers, a small fee being charged for the collection of the amount due The system works satisfactorily in India. The meeting in the Metropolitan Tabernacle

this week, at which it was resolved to invite the late Pastor Spurgeon's son Thomas to leave New Zealand and assume the pastorate. was a lively one and characterized by much unbrotherly bickering. Not more than half of the congregation was present, and the victory of Thomas was largely due to the votes and influence of the lady members who, from the first, have been his most enthusiastic partisans. Elderly solid members, men with big banking accounts, have become so disgusted at the prolonged squabbles, which even now are not ended, that they are ceasing to support the church, and the numerous benevolent and charitable institutions connected with it. Consequently there is a marked falling off of revenue, and the process of deterioration will probably continue until the Metropolitan Tabernacle ceases to be self-supporting, unless, indeed, Thomas Spurgeon should prove to be possessed of quite unexpected qualities of heart and brain. Nobody now suggests, by the way, that Dr. Pierson should remain as

The new Cunard leviathan steamed from Glasgow around Ireland and up the Irish Channel to the Mersey yesterday. She behaved well in all respects, but it is too early to say whether she can develop the speed expected. Most of the run was made at an average rate, for the liner's machinery was in almost perfect order. It was necessary to slow down for an hour off Queenstown, but there was no mishap of any sort. After being painted and put in complete order at Birkenhead doe's she will go back to the Clyde for speed tests over measured runs. She has not been accepted by the Cunard Company, but the builders believe she will more than fulfil all requirements. She will leave Liverpool on her first trip on the 22d inst.

A woman using the name of Oddo Maire ended a most extraordinary career of swindling under the guise of religion with a sentence of five years in prison at Pau this week. During recent years she visited various convents and other religious institutions in Europe. Representing herself to be of great wealth she drew up a will in favor of the various convents, and was thus enabled on one pretext or another to raise large sums. She is about 55 years old and is a consummate ac tress. One of her occasional exploits was to pretend to be cured at famous shrines, where the crutch which she usually carried would be left as a trophy of the miracle. She sometimes raised as much as \$25,000 in a single town. A pardonable flotion in which the feminin. half of creation sometimes indulges regarding age has had serious consequences in the Aus trian courts, where a marriage was recently annulled on the husband's application because the wife pretended she was fifteen years

TRAGEDY AT A DANCE.

younger than the reality.

One Woman Calls Another Out Into the Street and Shoots Her. ATLANTA, April 1 .- Anna Woodden is locked up at the police station charged with murder. and Mattle Moore is lying dead in a little

house in Bellwood from the effects of a pistol shot fired by the Woodden woman. The two women were at a dance on Thursday night near the chemical works, which is between the city and Bellwood. The dancing was going merrily along when Anna Woodden asked the woman she afterward killed to step out of the house, and the rawas promptly acceded to. quest an instant a pistol shot startled the

dancers and Mattie Moore fell with a bullet in her side. The woman who had done the shoot-ing then left the piace, and was later arrested and brought to the police station, where she has since been kept.

Last night Mattie Moore sent for Policeman Barrett, and told him that she knew she was going to die, and wanted to make a statement about the shooting. She then said that the woman had called her outside of the house and shot her without a word of warning. Anna Woodden made a statement this morning, and by her own admission the killing was a deliverate murder.

liverate murder." she said, "told stories on me, and said my character was not good, and I heard about it and got a pistol and went over to the dance. As soon as I saw her I told her I would shoot her if she over said any-

ner i would snoot her it she ever said any-thing more about me.

"In a few minutes I heard that she had re-peated the story and I called her out and shot her. I was mad, but in a little while I was sorry for what I had done and started for the station house to give myself up."

TWO CHILDREN KILLED BY CARS. In Each Case Witnesses Say the Driver Was

Negligent. Stephen Stronczer, a Hungarian, keeps saloon at 240 Second street. Last evening at 6:30 o'clock his 2-year-old child, Julia, went out to buy some candy. It was the first time she had ever been allowed to leave the house alone. As she was crossing Second street car 61 of the Grand and Forty-second Street Railroad knocked her down and fractured her skull. She was taken into a drug store, where she died in five minutes. The driver, Charles Hacket, of 45% Eleventh avenue, was arrested. He said he did not see the child, but several witnesses declare that they shouted to him in amble time for him to stop his horses.

Jacob Albert, aged 5 years, and Maurice, his brother, aged 3, started to cross Delancey street in front of 115 at 7 o'leock, when Car 4 of the Metropolitan Crosstown Ballroad, driven by John Conlin, came along. By standers saw the danger of the two boys and shouted to the driver. "Stop that car!" They say that he paid no attention to the warning. Jacob got across safely, but the car wheels rassed over Maurice's neck, nearly severing the head from the body and killing him. Conlin was arrested. she died in five minutes. The driver, Charles

Disastrous Forest Fire in Veginia and

North Carolina Petersburg, Va., April 1 .- A flerce woodland fire, which is destroying some of the best timber lands in this State and in North Carolina is burning along the line of the Petersburg and Weldon and Wilmington and Weldon and weided and whithing on and weider railroads. The lire covers an area of over one hundred miles, and hundreds of cords of cordwood, miles of fencing, and many barns are being burned.

The handsome Catholic church at Jarrett's Denot, which is in the path of the fire, narrowly escaped being burned last night, and it was not until 1 o'clock this morning that the flames in that immediate vicinity were gotten under control. under control.

James Bonnelly Killed.

FLIZADETH, April 1.-James Donnelly, o hostler here, was struck by a train to-night at Elmora and killed. He was coachman for Anthony W. Dimock when the latter was President of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company. He also worked for W. B. Jennings and W. P. Birch on their breeding farms in California and broke some of their race horses. He left them on account of his health. He was a widower and leaves three sous.

Run Over in Broadway.

Alfred E. Wedgwood, a lodger at the Bryant Park Hotel, Thirty-seventh street and Sixth avenue, was knocked down by a wagon at Broadway and Tweaty-seventh street last night and bis right ankle was tarken. He was taken to the New York Hospital.

P. & W. E. & W. E. & W. The Tyrones link coffs should be worn with our Yo-tenn or Noteka chilar.—Adv. Ripans Tabules assist digestion. Ripans Tabules cure MELINE FORMS A CABINET. THE NEW FRENCH MINISTRY A MERI MAKESHIFT AFFAIR.

Carnot Ignores the General Demand for Constant at the Head of the Government-Bellef that Carnot's Action Has Weakened Him-Herr Brandes's Expuision Paris. April 1 .- President Carnot has done what was expected of him, ordered the construction of another makeshift Cabinet. sent for his personal friend, M. Meliue, this morning and asked him to form a Ministry. M. Meline is an opportunist, and has had some Cabinet experience. He is now Chairman of the Customs Committee of the Chamber. His selection at this moment is most dis couraging to those who hoped for a strong Government, and it will please few even of his own party. It means that the Government will oppose dissolution, for even Carnot would not dare to face the crisis of a general election with such a Cabinet.

The President yesterday consulted with Lacour and Perser as he was bound to do. It is understood that he asked each how the proposition for a dissolution would be received in the respective Houses. Lacour replied that it would probably fail of a majority in the Senate if proposed at once. Perier said that the measure was becoming more popular daily. and would soon obtain a majority support. Then followed the almost unanimous voice of the press and public men denouncing the weakness of the Ribot Cabinet and demanding a new deal, with, above all things, a strong manin the Home Office for the national crisis,

which cannot be many more weeks delayed. Constans was the man by common consent. Carnot has utterly ignored this demand. Even Develle would be more acceptable than the standing in Ribot's Cabinet that the members would live or die together, and this made it impossible for Develle to accept the premier ship. He has, however, agreed to retain his portfolio of Foreign Affairs under Meline, who will combine the Presidency of the Council with the portfolio of Commerc

Gen. Loizillon and Admiral Rienuler will also remain in the War and Navy offices, respectively.

Here is the list of the new Cabinet: Felix Jules Meline, Premier and Minist er of Con

M. Charles Dupny, Minister of the Interior.
M. Jacques L. Trenieux, Minister of Justice,
M. Raymond Poincarre, Minister of Finance.

M. Eugene Spuller, Minister of Education, M. François Viette, Minister of Public Works. Admiral Rieunier, Minister of Marine and of th

M. Albert Viger, Minister of Agriculture Gen. Lotzillon, Minister of War. M. Deveile, Minister of Foreign Affairs.

It is significant that Cavaignae, who, a month ago, was regarded as the coming Prime Minis ter, has scarcely been mentioned in the pas two days.

Politicians to-night are estimating how long will be the interval and how great the national danger before Carnot will be compelled to seek the assistance of Constans. Not a few prophecy that Carnot's action to-day will drive him from the Elysee within six months.

The new Ministry will probably be able to patch up the differences between the two Houses, and tolerable harmony will roign for a few days after that. The thing to expect is the unexpected.

The last weak attempt of the Ribot Ministry to curry favor by expelling the German correspondent might easily have led to serious consequences. It was conclusively proved that Herr Brandes did not write or have any knowledge of the libel on the son of President Carnot which was complained of. The French authorities deny the outrageous attack of the mob on the Brandes family when leaving their home, but the denial is false. No utterance of the German official organ in Berlin has ever been so severe and so threatening as that in condemnation of this action. The language is, to be sure, open to the construction of another argument in favor of the passage of the Army bill, but the German press as a whole has the same tone. Weak French Ministries which thus play with

By the United Press.

M. Dupur, the new Minister of the Interior, formerly held the post of Minister of Public Instruction, now given to Eugene Spuller, the well-known writer, who, in 1887, held the same office, and was Minister of Foreign Affairs in 1880.

The new Minister of Justice, M. Trenleux, is a Senator from the Gironde. He was born in 1840 at Aubetorre, is an advocate by profession, and belongs to the Republican Left.

M. Polncarre, the Minister of Finance, is a Deputy from the Meuse, born in 1860, an advocate by profession, Republican, protectionist, and anti-revisionist. He was for some time a chief of department in the Ministry of Agriculture.

The new Cabinet is regerled as an ad interim Ministry for the purpose of passing the budget and winding up the session.

Andrieux and Maret Fight a Duel,

Paris. April 1 .- M. Andrieux, the ex-Prefect of Police, who has figured so prominently in the Panama exposures, fought a duel to-day with Deputy Henry Maret, the well-known Radical and vigorous opponent of Gon. Boulanger. The cause of the duel was antagonism aroused between Andrieux and Marot on the subject of the Panama exposures. The name of Deputy Maret, who is editor of the

Radical, was at one time mentioned in connection with Panama transactions. The luci resulted in neither of the combat-ants being hurt.

Earthquake at Mount Etan

CATANIA, April 1 .- A severe earthquake shook the villages in the neighborhood of Mount Etna to-day. The inhabitants, fearing destructive outpurst of the volcano or else a calamitous shock of earthquake, fled from their homes to the open country, and remain there awaiting in great terror what further may happen. The earthquake already felt was severe enough to cause much damage to property.

Four Thousand Houses Burned at Manlia Manila, Philippine Islands, April 1 .- A destructive fire has been raging here in the suburbs of the town. Four thousand houses were swept away by the flames, and it is feared that some lives were lost. Many persons are known to have been injured while lighting the fire or endeavoring to save their belongings.

They Say a Hebrew Is Undestrable.

VIENNA, April 1 .- The Anti-Semites and the Clericals are greatly agitated over the appoint-Clericals are greatly agitated over the appointment, by President Cleveland, of Max Judd of Missouri as Consul-General of the United States at Vienna, the opposition to Judd being based on the ground that he is a Hebrew, and, therefore, an undesirable person for the office. Petitions are being prepared, addressed to Emperor Francis Joseph and to the Austrian Foreign Office, asking that the imperial authorities, shall refuse to accept Judd as American Consul-General.

The Katserin Augusta Buns Aground. KIEL April 1. - The German cruiser Kaiserin Augusta, while starting for the United States Augusta, while starting for the United States to take part in the great Columbus naval review, ran aground while passing through the Great Belt, the strait which forms the central communication between the Haltie and Cattegat and where navigation is made difficult by the many shoals. The Kaiserin Augusta was foated after some effort without suffering any damage.

Mamle Wells's Betrayer Convicted. WATERTOWN, N. Y., April 1 .- The trial of Nelson Dessert, who was charged with the betrayal of Mamie Wells under promise of mar-riage, was concluded at Canton, St. Lawrence county, yesterday. The jury was out a few minutes only, returning a verdict of guilty.

" Admiral." Do not associate this brand with cheap cigarettes or those made by the Trust -Ade.

TROOPS FOR ANTLERS.

The Interior Department Orders Agent Ben-nett to Stop the Strife,

Panis, Tex., April 1,-Indian Agent Bennett reached Antiers early this morning. In comfor Locke's camp, but met Locke and fifty men a short distance before reaching the camp. They had a flag. It was composed of a broad white stripe, with one of equal breadth below

Inquiry was made as to its significance Locke said the white stripe meant peace, and the red one war. Under the arrangement it "Peace first, then war."

Locke and Bennett had a long talk. Locke explained his position to Bennett, which was substantially the same as contained in his proposition made tained in his proposition made in writing. He declared that he would never disband as long as the so-called militia remained in the vicinity. He declared he knew nothing of Willis Jones, the only man for whom the militia had a writ. When asked why he would not surrender any men wanted by the militia, he said:

"Because they are nothing but a mob, and they would mirder us. I care not what the consequences may be; I will defend my home and my people.

consequences may be; I will defend my home and my people.

"If this organized mob was cut off from the Choctaw treasury it would disband in an hour The Nation is robbed to persecute the opposition to the present administration."

Bennett advised Locke to remain in camp and make no movement until he (Bennett) saw the other party. Locke agreed to do so, and returned to camp. Bennett went to Goodland, and saw Capts. Durant and Thompson. They said they were setting under orders from Goy. and saw Capts. Durant and Thompson. They said they were acting under orders from Gov. Jones, and had no authority to disband.

Late this afternoon Gov. Jones reached Goodland and had a conference with Agent Bennett and his two Captains. During the discussion of the matter Bennett received a telegram from the Interior Department directing him to call upon the nearest post commander for all the troops he thought necessary. This brought the militato a halt, and they asked until to-morrow to decide what should be done. Bennett went to Antiers to-night, and with Commissioner Gibbons proceeded to Looke's fort. In the morning he will return to Goodland, and if Jones will not agree to disband he will order a streng force, one sufficient to preserve order and protectific.

and protectific.

To-night twenty-five warriors arrived at Goodland to reinforce the mifftia It is a notable fact that every militiaman is a violent Jones partisan, who believes that the greatest of all offences is not agreeing with the Chief about everything. As a rule, they are dirty, ragged, stolid, and illiterate; yet they are ready to lay down their own lives or take those of others to enforce Jones's orders. It looks now as if Locke was master of the situation.

WHERE IS W. H. COCHRANE? His Wife Thinks He May Be in St. Paul-She Writes to the Press.

St. Paul, April 1 .- Mrs. W. H. Cochrane of Brooklyn sends the following letter to the press of this city: "My husband, William H. Cochrane, is absent from his home. He had quite a large sum of money on his person, about \$1,500. I fancy

of money on his person, about \$1,500. I fancy he may be in your city. I do not think he has met with foul play. He has been overburdened with trouble and care for several months, and I think he has gone away to rid himself of it. I only ask him to write me and relieve me of the terrible suspense, or send for me to come to him wherever he may be. I am frantic with grief and sorrow. I implore him to send me word. I will do anything he wishes if he will only write."

Mr. Cochrane left his home a week ago, tell-Mr. Cocntane left his nome a week ago, reining his wife he was going to the barber's. He did not go there, and he has not been heard from since. By a decision of court he got possession of a \$1,000 inheritance two weeks ago. Three days before he disappeared he drew all the money from the bank. He also paid all his debta. His accounts with the firm in whose employ he was were found straight. He cave a some keensakes to friends, and it is gave some keepsakes to irlends, and it is thought his flight was carefully planned. He left nothing for the support of his wife, who is an invalid. They had been married about a year. They lived at 173 Bergen street, Brooklyn.

FAIRBANK AND CUDAHY GET OUT, And the Chicago Provision Market Is Weak and Takes a Tumble.

CHICAGO, April 1.-The great provision deal on the Board of Trade, which for twelve months has kept the price of pork, lard, and short ribs under the domination of two firms, was loosened up to-day. Cudahy & Co. and N. K. Fairbank & Co., who have, since March. fire assuredly assume ominous responsibility. 1802, been in command of the revision maringly with the \$3,000,000 which they are said to have cleaned up on their twelve months manipulation.

manipulation.

The markets for provisions to-day, without the support of those firms, were extremely weak. There was a drop of \$1 per barrel in pork, and \$1 per 100 pounds in lard. When the crowd saw that the neg meats were abandoned by their late supporters, there was a general rush to unload, resulting in the heavy decline to A. J. Wright, more familiarly referred to as "Charley" Wright is one of the heaviest winners by the break, as he was among the blegest winners on the great advance of the summer and winter. He was also the originator of the big bull deal and was a limited partner in it, but withdrew when he thought prices had gone as high as the circumstances warranted. He then took the hear side. The big drop in the price of provisions was the principal feature of the markets to day. Everything else was similarly affected, but to a less depressive extent than the provision deal. The markets for provisions to-day, without to support of those firms, were extremely

WAITER DORR'S WINDFALL. He Is Going to Australia to Ruke in a Cool

On Tuesday John Dorr, a waiter in Gustave Munzer's saloon in Newark, will sail in the Aller for Southampton to take possession of an estate valued at \$400,000 left by his uncle. John Dorr, whose sole heir he is. The uncle went to Australia twenty-seven years ago, seven years before John was born, and they

seven years before John was born, and they have never seen each other. The young man was born near Cassel, in the province of liessen, of which town his father, August Dorr, was Mayor at one time. He had a good education and was apprenticed to a miller, but not liking the trade he obtained his parents consent and came to America.

He has known that his uncle was a wealthy bachelor, but did not know that he was his heir until he received a letter from his father a few days are saying that the German Consul at Melbourne had notified him of the legacy. John will meet his father in England, and they will go to Australia together.

This is the second legacy which has fallen to Munzer's waiters in four weeks. Just three weeks ago Louis Schepper went to England upon a notice that he was to receive \$30,000 from his sister's estate. She kept a hotel after her husband's death, and left it by will to her brother. The places of both of these men have been filled by expectant waiters. been filled by expectant waiters.

DANGEROUS EASTER WEATHER.

The Week's Brath Rate Higher Than that of the Corresponding Week for Five Years, The death rate for the past week was 1.149, against 1,135 for the preceding week. This unusually high figure was due, principally, to pneumonia, the deaths from which increased

pneumonia, the deaths from which increased from 263 to 273, and phthiss, from which there were 140 deaths.

There were 14 deaths from grip, a decrease of 2, and 2 deaths from typhus. The rate was equal to a percentage of 31.07 to each 1.000 of the population, against 31.30 for the previous week, and an average of 27.02 for the corresponding week for live vears past.

Dr. Nagie released his counsel yesterday against wearing light attire, and said that no matter how fine the weather promised to be, or was to-day, he advised compliance with the laws of nature and not the dictates of fashion. Mrs. John W. Muckay Arrives on the Par s

Mrs. John W. Mackay, the wife of the California millionaire, and her son Clarence were passengers on the Paris, which arrived restorday. They had intended to start at once for San Francisco, where Mr. Mackay is igning ill from the effects of the wound inflicted by W. C. lilipper. On their arrival, however, they received a telegram which contained a favorable report of Mr. Mackay's condition, and they decided to remain here over Monday. They will leave for California on Tuesday. They are at the Waldorf. passengers on the Paris, which arrived yes-

"Y. & S." Stick Lienrice. s No medicine chest complete without it in spring .- Ade.

CORBETT SAYS CONEY ISLAND.

He Accepts the Club's Offer of a \$40,000 Purse for the Mitchell Fight,

The Coney Island Athletic Club has secured the Corbett-Mitchell fight, which will, according to the recent agreement, come off next December. The club offered \$40,000, which is the same sized purse for which Fitzsimmons and Hall battled. The affair was arranged at a meeting held last night at an up-town resort. Corbett, Brady. Judge Newton, Johnny Eckhardt, and others interested were present, and the discussion lasted till nearly midnight. The champion was inclined to insist on a purse that in size approximated his original demand of \$75,000, but after talking the matter over he finally agreed accept the very snug sum of \$40,000, feeling confident that the winner will not be asked to accept notes, as was the case with Fizsimmons in his last battle.

The Coney Island officials were naturally jubliant at securing the big match, and promise the biggest crowd that ever witnessed a championship ring battle. At the close of the lengthy discussion Corbett put his name to the following document:

"I hereby agree to box Charles Mitchell according to the articles of agreement now signed by myself and Mitchell. The man who s declared the winner to receive the sum of \$40,000. JAMES J. CORRETT."

The next thing will be to get Mitchell to agree to it, and Abe Hummel, who represents the Englishman, cabled advising him to accept the proposition.

SUPERVISOR BAGG HORSEWHIPPED. The Wife of the Proprietor of Bagg's Hotel in East Syracuse Wielded the Whip.

Synacusz, April 1.-Supervisor Charles Bagg of De Witt, Onondaga county, a bachelor, 61 years of ago, was horsewhipped on Friday night in the village of East Syracuse by Mrs. Luther B. Shirtleff, the proprietor of Bragg's Hotel, and Miss Jennie Mullin, a domestic in her employ. Supervisor Bagg was induced to

Two years ago Mrs. Shirtleff, who is 23 years of age, married Luther B. Shirtleff, who has been for some months past an inmate of the Insane Asylum at Ogdensburg. Mr. Shirtleff is a gray-haired man over 60 years of age. The young wife has a beautiful face and a

The young wife has a beautiful face and a blump figure.

Supervisor Bagg has been a regular boarder at Bagg's Hotel for a number of years, and at the request of the wife, assisted her in the arrangements for the wife, assisted her in the arrangements for the transfer of her husband to the Ogdensburg Asvium. Up to the time of the horsewhipping the relations between Mr. Bagg and the Shirtleffs were supposed to be cordial and pleasant.

According to the story told by Mrs. Shirtleff, the Supervisor got very much the worst of the encounter that occurred in the hotel parlors. After he had been lashed about the face and legs a dozen times or more, he ran out of the hotel and aroused the neighborhood by his cries for help.

Mrs. Shirtleff said that she had found out that Bagg had been circulating stories about her and Miss Mullin that reflected on their good name. good name.

MISS MITCHELL DISAPPEARS.

At the Same Time Elevator Boy Albert Exceutes His Second Disappearance.

Detectives Lang and Sullivan of the Thirtleth street police have been engaged since Friday night in trying to find Miss Mamie Mitchell, the 16-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James C. Mitchell, superintendents of the Alpine apartment house at 55 West Thirty-

Miss Mitchell left home on Friday afternoon to do some shopping. She took no money, and was dressed in her ordinary street costume. She ordered the goods wanted from a dry goods store not far from home, and the goods were duly delivered, but the girl did

goods were duly delivered, but the girl did not come home.

That evening another person also disap-peared. This other person was a youth known as Albert, who had been employed as elevator boy. A few days ago Albert had been missing on the same day that four overcoats disap-peared from the closed room of the Greek book thief. Theodorus Olynthus Douglas, who had been a resident of the Alpine before his arrest.

Albert was next heard of in Brooklyn, where Albert was next heard of in Brooklyn, where he lives. He had been on a spree. The Mit-chells brought him back and kept him se-cluded to give him time to recover from a couple of black eyes, and it was from this se-clusion that he disappeared again on Friday. clusion that he disappeared again on Friday. Albert and another lad couployed in the house had been on bad terms, and it was the other lad who had blacked Albert's eves. Mrs. Mit-chell says she has no suspicion that her daughter's disappearance has anything to do with the second disappearace of Albert.

COULDN'T LIVE WITHOUT HER.

Leopoldo Feoretti's Last Letter to Miss Ma. ria Frank of Paterson,

PATERSON, April 1.-Leopoldo Feoretti, a clerk in Peter Frank's fruit store at 208 Mar-ket street, shot himself through the heart this evening in a small building in the rear of the premises where he was employed. He came to this country from Italy about six months ago, and was engaged by Frank in January. He was regarded as a competent bookkeeper He was regarded as a competent bookkeeper and a valuable man to Mr. Frank, who is a sort of banker to the newcomers from Italy. Three letters were found on his desk, one of which, addressed to Miss Maria Frank, showed that he was in love with his employer's daughter, an exceedingly pretty girl, who assists in the management of her father's business. The suicide regretted that she could not reciprocate his love, and said he preferred to die sooner than see her marry the man of her choice. Another letter was addressed to his employer, thanking him for his kindness, and another was directed to the man whom he boarded with, requesting him to pay a few small debts and provide for his funoral.

SUSPECTED OF ROBBERY AT TAMPA. Somebody Sald To Be On the Seguranea Whom the Police Want.

TAMPA, Pla., April 1. - There have been occasional thefts of money in large sums and of jewels this winter at the Tampa Bay Hotel. A man who left for New York on Thursday morning is suspected. His arrest will be made on the arrival of the Savannah steamer in New ork to-night about 12 o'clock.

The valuables taken have been located, it is hought, and are likely to be secured to-night. Startling developments are expected in the heavy theft of valuable jewels and money recently at St. Petersburg, Fla. One arrest (that of Eurks, the porter, at the Hotel Detroit) has been made. There will probably be two ar-rests in this metter to-night. The stolen property is not yet all located.

The steamship Segurana, which touched at Savannah coming up, anchored at Quarantin e at midnight. ACCIDENT TO CONGRESSMAN HOOKER.

Struck by a Cable Car and His Skull Fractured-Internal Injuries. WASHINGTON, April 1 -Representative Chas. F. Hooker of Mississippi met with a serious

accident this evening. In attempting to alight from a cable car at the corner of Fourteenth and Corcoran streets he was struck by one coming in an opposite direction and violently thrown to the tracks. He was taken to the Emergency Fospital, where an examination disclosed the fact that, in addition to sustaining several bruises, he received internal injuries and a fracture of the skull. His condition is considered serious.

Mother and Child Killed by a Train.

New London, April 1.-The train from Boson, arriving at 4 o'clock this afternoon, struck Mrs. John Sullivan and her four-year-old daughter at the Harrison street crossing. The eniid's skull was fractured and it will probably die. The mother's face and body were cut and bruised, but it is thought she will re-cover. The woman tried to save the child, who crawled under the crossing gate.

Create a lot of talk. So do Old Dominion Cigarettes. Photograph in every package. - Ada,

PRICE FIVE CENTS. "CROW'S NEST" IN ASHES.

THE BEAUTIFUL SUMMER HOME OF JOSEPH JEFFERSON BURNED,

Mrs. Jefferson Escapes from a Sick Bed with No Clothing Except What She Had On - Miss McGrath, the Cook, Burned to Death-The Furniture and Curios and \$150,000 Worth of Paintings Consumed.

BUZEARD'S BAY, April 1 .- Fire this afternoon otally destroyed the beautiful summer residence of Joe Jefferson on the shores of Buttermilk Bay, and the family cook, Helen Mo-Grath, perished in the ruins.

Miss Simmonds, the housekeeper: Miss Col-lins, the maid, and Miss McGrath were in the cellar at noon, when Miss McGrath discovered what she supposed was water covering the

She called the hired man, Mr. Wright, who saw at once that it was of from the gasoline tank. He shouted to the women to fice for their lives, but they stood dumfounded.

The gasoline communicated with the fire in the furnace, and in an instant there was a terrifle explosion. Mr. Wright caught Miss Simmonds and Miss Collins and fought his way to the open air. He endeavored to return for Miss McGrath,

Burned and bleeding, he heroically tried to gain an entrance, but was unsuccessful, and the unfortunate woman was left to perish in

When the cry of fire was raised, Mrs. Jefferson was ill in bed, but she hastily arose and luckily escaped, not having time to dress. She was assisted out and covered with buffale

luckily escaped, not having time to dress. She was assisted out and covered with buffale robes.

She suffered a severe shock to her nervous system, and was removed to the home of Station Agent Bassett and medical attention summoned. The children, who were playing in the attic, were the first to escape and seek a place of safety.

None of the furniture was saved. Gov. Russell, who had been fishing in a neighboring stream, was one of the first to arrive at the scene, and he was of great assistance to Mrs. Jefferson.

The cottage was a treasure house of wonderful antiques and rare pleces of bric-h-bra, all of which are hurned, entailing a loss roughly estimated at \$250,000.

The house itself has become historic as the shot where many famous statesmen and actors have been entertained by the genial host President Cleveland has frequently shared Mr. Jefferson's hospitality.

The cottage was located on the shore of Buternilk Bay, an arm of Buzzard's Bay, two miles from Bourne village. The house cost \$30,000. It was filled with luxurious furnishings from all parts of the world.

The large and valuable painting, which was to have been exhibited at the World's Fair, was destroyed, together with Mr. Jefferson's costly collection of curios.

Gov. Russell searched among the goods saved for some wearing apparel for Mrs. Jefferson has only the clothes she had on when she escaped from the burning building. It is estimated that \$150,000 worth of paintings were consumed.

Mr. Jefferson is en route to California, and

were consumed.

Mr. Jefferson is en route to California, and
word has been sent to him. The house, which
was erected three years ago, was designed by
the actor himself. It stood on a high bluff
overlooking Buttermilk Bay, and was a model
of modern architecture.

Crow's Nest, the summer residence of Mr.
Jefferson, stood back on the shore of the
inner basin of old Buttermilk Bay. It was a
large substantial structure, and its general
design was that of an old colonial house with
bay windows, gables, and a turret, all in
rough stone. A broad veranda surrounded it,
and from the rear rose two great colored clay
chimneys.

It was Charles Jefferson, the eldest som sho
first discovered the delights of summer life ac,
Buzzard's Bay. His father then foli in love
with the place and bought a large tract of land,
on which he built Crow's Nest in 1889. It was
the finest summer house on the bay, and Mr.
Jefferson considered it his real home.

Mr. Jefferson's friends say that if be bad
devoted his life to painting instead of to the
stage he would have been famous to-day as
an artist. At any rate, he superintended all
the artistic details of the interior decoration
of his house, and much has been lost by fire
that can never he replaced.

On the stained glass panels of the door were
life-sized representations of Edwin Booth as
fiamlet and William Warren as Faislagf. Olive
branches waved above them, and underneath
were dainty designs representing Tragedy and
Comedy. In the rear of the main hall was the
famous flamingo window that is said to have
cost \$2,000. A flamingo with drooping neek
stood under rich tropical foliage, and the design was wrought with the most delicate workmanship.

sign was wrought with the most delicate work-

sign was wrought with the most delicate workmanship.

The balustrade of the broad stairway contained four wonderfully carved posts, that
had previously done service as bedoests.
Costly pictures and bric-a-brac collected in
all parts of the world by Mr. Jefferson decorated the hall. The whole ground floor was
covered with skins and Persian rugs.

The dining room was Mr. Jefferson's chief
pride. It was finished in oak and cherry. In
the centre of each square of the coffered celiing was a tile painted by Mr. Jefferson. Dutch
tiles were in the dorner of the room and around
the open fireplace, above which was a handsome mantel of cherry supported by large
dragons.

dragons.

Everywhere in the house were the evidences of Mr. Jefferson's artistic tastes, and it was here that he kept the souvenirs gathered in a long life on the stage. Many of them were historical, and all were of great value in Mr.

historical, and all were of great value in Mr. Jefferson's estimation.

The cottage itself, exclusive of furniture, cost about \$30,000. That amount however, does not begin to cover the value of the house and what it contained. Since it was built Mr. Jefferson has spent much of his time there, and he has gathered about him a little colony of triends. It is probable that the house will be rebuilt.

THE ELIZABETH TRACK LICENSED. The Horsemen Capture the City Council As

ELIZABETH, April 1.-There was a long and exciting session of the Elizabeth City Council to-night. Mayor Rankin took the floor by consent and made a speech against granting a license to race tracks. A resolution was finally passed, by a vote of 13 to 11, granting the New Jersey Jockey Club a license for five years, the

Jersey Jockey Club a license for five years, the club to pay into the city treasury \$5,000 a year for the privilege.

The City Hall was packed by race track and anti-race track men, who applauded the speeches on either side. A number of amendments were offered by the anti-race track members to the resolution, but all were steadily voted down.

The latter race-track members held a caucus last night at which it was decided to put the matter through to-night, and members pledged themselves to vote for the license, Charges were made to-night that boodle had been used, and a motion was made to call Councilman Cantwell, who intimated as much, lefuce the bar to explain his insinuations, but it was defeated by a vote of 10 to 5. Then the previous question was moved, and, after hearing the Mayor, the final vote was taken. The race-track crowd left the City Hall cheering wildly.

ing wildly. A BURGLAR'S DASH FOR LIBERTY. After Racing Over the Roofs He Han Inte

the Arms of a Policeman, A man about 40 years old, who says he is James Hutchinson of Tenth avenue, Brooklyn, entered the flat house at 201 East 118th street early last evening and forced his way into the apartments of St. Clair Meyers on the third

Miss Meyers returned in time to eatch the burglar at work, and he ran down stairs.

He was met at the door by the janitor, who asked what the man was doing in the house "I've been visiting a friend." he replied hu the janitor made him turn but wand lead the way to the friend's room. Hutchinson retraced his ste

out on the roof, with the iani suit. The burglai creased ran through another house to There Polleeman Mahon 1 and ran the fugitive into the i Condren at 120th street an

a chance to run, when he das!

nue.
In the prisoner's possessigned watches, two ladies's diamond rings, a reari ring seart pins, and a silver british of the property belo. The prisoner was locked ustreet police station.

For Fat P Read the column article, page